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4	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUST Office of the United States Trustee	TCE
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8	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	
9	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
10	In re:	
11		Jointly Administered
12	USA Commercial Mortgage Company 06-10725 Lead Case	Chapter 11 Cases
		Judge Linda B. Riegle Presiding
13	USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC 06-10726	Date: June 21, 2006
14	USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund, LLC	Time: 9:30 a.m.
15	06-10727	Place: Courtroom #1
16	USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC	Affecting: ☑ All Cases
	06-10728	or Only:
17	USA Securities, LLC	□ USA Commercial Mortgage Company□ USA Capital Realty Advisors, LLC
18	06-10729 Debtors	USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund,
19		LLC ☐ USA Capital First Trust Deed Fund, LLC
		USA Securities, LLC
20		
21	THE UNITED STATES TRUSTEE'S OPPOSITION TO DEBTORS' MOTION FOR ORDER APPROVING AGREEMENT WITH INVESTMENT PARTNERS	
22		
23	(AFFECTS ALL CASES)	
24	To the Honorable LINDA B. RIEGLE , United States Bankruptcy Judge: The United States Trustee opposes the Debtors' Motion for Order Approving Agreement	
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27	with Investment Partners. ¹ The motion does not fully disclose the nature of the relationship	
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20	¹ The Nevada limited liability company known as USA Investment Partners, LLC is referred to in Debtors' motion, and throughout this opposition, as "Investment Partners."	

against the \$58,374,918.81 in claims that are to be compromised. In support of its opposition, the United Trustee states:

1. The motion recites that business records maintained by debtor USA Commercial Mortgage "reflect pre-petition receivables and debts owed by Investment Partners", and that debtor USA Commercial Mortgage "contends that the receivables and debts owed by Investment

Partners are immediately due and payable." Motion, para. 6.

- 2. The motion fails to identify the business records establishing the existence and total amount of the "pre-petition receivables and debts owed by Investment Partners", fails to clearly identify the debtor(s) to whom those receivables and debts are immediately due and payable, fails to disclose the relationship(s) between Investment Partners and the various debtors in these five bankruptcy cases, and fails to identify the principals of Investment Partners.
- 3. The motion also reveals that the terms of the compromise were offered by Investment Partners "in an attempt to prevent the immediate collection of the receivables and debts owed to USACM² and the other Debtors". *Id*.
- 4. The motion, having first acknowledged that business records of USACM already in existence "reflect pre-petition receivables and debts owed by Investment Partners" which are purportedly "immediately due and payable", subsequently suggests that it is necessary for the Court to approve a promissory note "documenting at least some of those obligations to USACM". *Id.* The motion fails to identify exactly which of the pre-petition receivables and debts owed by Investment Partners to the debtors are "documented" by the promissory note, or why additional documentation beyond USACM's existing business records is necessary. Instead, the promissory note, in the stated principal amount of \$58,374,918.81 and attached to the motion

²Debtor USA Commercial Mortgage Company is referred to throughout the motion, and also in this opposition, as "USACM."

as Exhibit A, provides only that the obligations of Investment Partners under that note are in addition to the obligations owed by Investment Partners to USA Capital Diversified First Trust Deed Fund under various transactions involving "10-90, Inc." Motion, Ex. A at p. 3.

- 5. Although the motion states that the pre-petition receivables and debts owed by Investment Partners to the debtors are immediately due and payable, the \$58,374,918.81 promissory note attached to the motion:
 - a. Is payable *only* to debtor USACM, not to any of the other debtors involved in the bankruptcy cases pending before the Court;
 - b. Does not require Investment Partners to make *any* immediate cash payment to the debtors for distribution to investors in these estates;
 - c. Does not require Investment Partners, in the absence of default, to make *any* payments to the debtors for distribution to investors in these estates until May 31, 2007; and
 - d. Allows Investment Partners to extend the maturity of the promissory note without making any payments to investors for an additional year after May 31, 2007, by the expedient of remitting "promissory notes" to USACM totaling only \$20,000,000.00; approximately 34% of the face amount of the note, without consideration of interest accrued at the stated rate of 7.75% per year.
- 6. Although the promissory note attached to the motion is payable only to USACM, the related security agreement, attached to the motion as Exhibit B, identifies all of the debtors collectively as the "Secured Party." Motion, Ex. B at p. 1.
- 7. The security agreement purports to collateralize a wide range of obligations, including without limitation:
 - a. The \$58,374,918.81 promissory note from Investment Partners to USACM attached to the motion as Exhibit A;
 - b. All obligations owed by Investment Partners to USA Capital Diversified Trust Deed Fund under various transactions involving "10-90, Inc." and

³The loan summary debtors filed with the Court on May 31, 2006 shows that there are two non-performing loans involving "Ten-Ninety, Ltd." in principal amounts of \$55,113,781 and \$4,150,000. It is unclear whether the entity referred to as "10-90, Inc." in the motion is the same entity referred to as "Ten-Ninety, Ltd." in the loan summary.

⁴See footnote 3, above.

c. "[A]ny and all other advances, loans, obligations, liabilities, indemnifications and claims now or hereafter owed or payable" by Investment Partners to the debtors.

Motion, Ex. B at p. 1, para. 1.1.

- 8. The collateral identified in the security agreement is identified as Investment Partners' membership and other interests in a group of 8 limited liability companies. Motion, Ex. B. at p. 2, para. 2 *and* p. 13.
- 9. The security interest in the collateral created by the security agreement is expressly "subject to the provisions of the operating agreements of the LLCs", which are not available to the Court or parties in interest. Motion, Ex. B. at p. 4, para. 8(a)(ii).
- 10. The motion does not contain any financial or other information from which the Court or parties in interest can determine the value of the membership interests identified as collateral in the security agreement, evaluate the viability of any business operations or development properties owned or operated by the related limited liability companies, or tell who the principals in the limited liability companies are, aside from Investment Partners.
- 11. Both the promissory note and security agreement attached to the motion were signed by Joseph D. Milanowski as manager of Investment Partners. Mr. Milanowski was a principal of all of the debtors before being removed and replaced by Thomas Allison upon the filing of the debtors' bankruptcy petitions. As a result, to the extent that the proposed compromise benefits Investment Partners, there are attendant benefits to Mr. Milanowski.
- 12. When asked to consider the propriety of a proposed compromise, a bankruptcy court is to "'assess [] and balance the value of the claim[s] . . . being compromised against the value . . . of the compromise proposal." In re Healthco Int'l, Inc., 136 F.3d 45, 50 (9th Cir. 1998), quoting Jeffrey v. Desmond, 70 F.3d 183, 185 (1st Cir. 1995). In that analysis, courts may consider, among other factors: (1) the probability of success were the claim to be litigated given the legal and evidentiary obstacles and expense, inconvenience and delay entailed in its litigation measured against the more definitive, concrete and immediate benefits attending the proposed settlement; (2) a reasonable accommodation of the creditors' views regarding the

proposed settlement; and (3) the experience and competence of the fiduciary proposing the settlement. <u>Healthco</u>, 136 F. 3d at 50 (citations omitted).

- 13. Inasmuch as the debtors have stated in the motion that business records maintained by USACM "reflect pre-petition receivables and debts owed by Investment Partners", and that USACM "contends that the receivables and debts owed by Investment Partners are immediately due and payable", the probability of success is high if those claim were litigated.
- 14. Debtors' motion was filed 10 days after the promissory note and security agreement were signed by Mr. Milanowski, and have been set for hearing on shortened time. For the reasons set forth previously in this opposition, creditors in these estates do not have sufficient information, and have not had sufficient time, to properly evaluate the proposed compromise and how it will impact upon their rights.
- 15. The United States Trustee does not challenge the experience or competence of the fiduciary proposing this compromise. The United States Trustee is concerned, though, that the Court is being asked to approve a compromise of claims that will delay collection efforts for a year or more with respect to \$58+ million worth of claims that are immediately due and payable, and which can be established by USACM's existing business records, without any money at all being paid to the investor body contemporaneously with the compromise. The immediate benefit of the proposed compromise runs only to Investment Partners, an entity managed by Mr. Milanowski.

WHEREFORE, the United States Trustee respectfully requests that the Court enter an order denying the motion. In the alternative, the United States Trustee requests that the June 21, 2006 hearing on the motion be continued, and set for evidentiary hearing on a date certain that will afford creditors and parties in interest a fair opportunity to develop the facts needed to properly evaluate the compromise outlined in the motion. Should the Court decide that the compromise addressed in the motion should be approved, the United States Trustee requests that the related order contain language providing that the order shall not binding upon successors in interest to the debtors and/or the debtors' estates. The United States Trustee further requests that the Court grant such other and additional relief as is just and equitable.

1	SARA L. KISTLER	
2	SARA L. KISTLER ACTING UNITED STATES TRUSTEE REGION 17	
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4	By: /s/ August B. Landis August B. Landis, Assistant United States Trustee United States Department of Justice	
5	United States Department of Justice	
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